# **Explanations of SOP**

# 1. Alternate Breaking System Checking

6 )	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.04	P 4
SICHUAN AIRLINES	PRELIMINARY COCKPIT PREPARATION	SEQ 001	REV 43

### A. With Procedures

### ALTERNATE BRAKING SYSTEM

CSC MSN 0872 1007 CSC MSN 0540-0591 0874-0919 1013-2348 2510-2639

### **B. With No Procedures**

CSC MSN 3114-4326 CSC MSN 2396-2431

Company Requirement: Implement the corresponding procedures according to

the actual MSN No.

# Two Types of Checking Procedure for RCDR

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.06	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	COCKPIT PREPARATION	SEQ 203	REV 37

FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	
Procedure A	
RCDR	
*- RCDR GND CTL	ON
CVR TEST	RESS AND RELEASE
Note: The parking brake must be ON to perform the CVR test.	
CSC MSN 0540-0582 0872 0878 0915-0919 1013-1293 2313-2348	3 2510-3680
CSC MSN 0874 0902-0912 1007 1500	
Procedure B	
RCDR	
*- RCDR GND CTL	
- LOUDSPEAKER VOLUME KNOB	. OFF (BOTH SIDES)
— ACP INT/RAD SWITCH (CAPT or F/0)	SET to INT
INTERPHONE VOLUME RECEPTION KNOB	RELEASE
<ul> <li>CVR TEST</li></ul>	onds, should be heard mike, ensure that your
<ul> <li><u>Note</u>: — Only the handmike, not the boomset, should be used to the audio signal must be heard on the loudspeakers.</li> <li>— The flight crew may also hear an acoustic feedback during is still valid if this acoustic feedback is heard.</li> </ul>	•

CSC MSN 2396-2431 **CSC MSN 0591** 

Company Requirement: Carry out the related procedures according to the

corresponding MSN No.

# 3. Two Versions of the "NO SMOKING LIGHT "Switch

### Version A:

/- )	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.06	P 3
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	COCKPIT PREPARATION	SEQ 001	REV 44

### \* SIGNS

*- SIGNS	TΟ
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Note: Leaving the EXIT or NO SMOKING or NO PORTABLE/ELEC DEVICE (as installed) selector ON prevents the emergency batteries from charging.

If the CIDS has been programmed (option) for a non-smoking flight, NO SMOKING or NO PORTABLE/ELEC DEVICE (as installed) signs are permanently on, with the EXIT or NO SMOKING or NO PORTABLE/ELEC DEVICE (as installed) switch at AUTO (with permanent charge of emergency batteries).

CSC MSN 0540 0551-0582 CSC MSN 0550 0591

### **Version B:**

1 6 1	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.06	P 3
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	COCKPIT PREPARATION	SEQ 102	REV 44

### \* SIGNS

*- SIGNS	 ON/AUTO
*- EMER EXIT LT	 ARM

Note: If the CIDS has been programmed (option) for a non-smoking flight, NO SMOKING or NO PORTABLE/ELEC DEVICE (as installed) signs are permanently on, with the EXIT or NO SMOKING or NO PORTABLE/ELEC DEVICE (as installed)

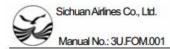
switch at AUTO.

CSC MSN 0874 0902-0912 0919-1013 1500-3449 3591-3680 3962 4018-4326

CSC MSN 0878 0915 3583 3730-3893 3996

**CSC MSN 0872** 

CSC MSN 1060-1293



### FLIGHT OPERATIONS MANUAL

Revision No.: 05-00 Effective Date: 01/01/2012 Section: 08-03-09

### 8.2 "No Smoking" Sign

"No Smoking" light should be set to "ON" throughout the whole flight from the moment when the flight crew accept the aircraft to the end of the flight on that day.

Except for some aircrafts, most of SiChuan Airlines' A320s have been programmed for a Non-Smoking Flight. According to the regulation of 《Flight Operations Manual》, the No Smoking Light must be ON throughout the flight.

Company Recommendation: During the flight, keep the No Smoking Light on.

# 4. Requirement for RMP Setting and Recognition of Navaid.

### Requirement for RMP setting

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.06	P 9
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	COCKPIT PREPARATION	SEQ 100	REV 42

RMP
- RMP ON
— Green NAV light
- SEL light
<ul> <li>COM FREQUENCIES</li></ul>

### Requirement for Navaid setting:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.06	P 11
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	COCKPIT PREPARATION	SEQ 001	REV 42

- \*- RADIO NAV ..... CHECK
  - · Check the VOR, ILS and ADF tuned by the FMGC.
  - Modify them if required, and check that the correct identifier is displayed on the ND and PFD (ILS). If unsatisfactory, go through the audio check.

A319/A320/A321	SUPPLEMENTARY TECHNIQUES	3.04.34	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	NAVIGATION	SEQ 100	REV 32

## AUTOMATIC IDENTIFICATION OF ADF/VOR/ILS

Although the navigation display automatically identifies the tuned ADF, VOR, or ILS station (auto ident decoded), the flight crew must, in the following cases, confirm the correct tuning of the desired station via the audio system :

- A station has either been autotuned or tuned manually by a crew member's entering the associated ident on the MCDU RAD NAV page, and the decoded ident appearing on the ND is the wrong one.
- A crew member has tuned the station manually on an RMP or by entering the frequency on the MCDU RAD NAV page.

Company Requirement: Manually set the Navaids, when the automatic tuned

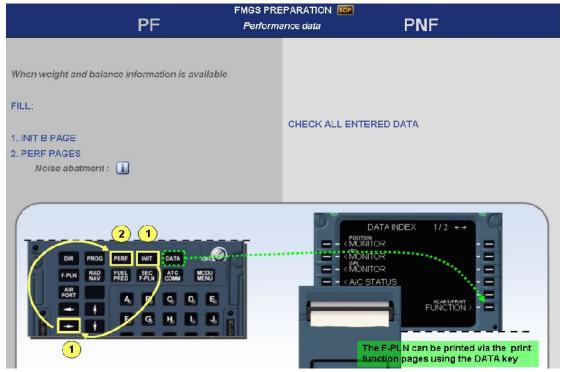
Navaids are not correctly identified in the Nav Page.

Cross Check frequencies on both sides, when Navaid are manually set.

# 5. Sequence Of FMGS Initialization

# Initialization sequence in SOP、FCTM and 《Flight Instructor Media》:





Company Requirement: Initialize FMGS in accordance with SOP

# 6. Crew Oxygen

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.06	P 15
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	COCKPIT PREPARATION	SEQ 001	REV 42

On the OXYGEN panel :
- CREW SUPPLY
On the glareshield :
- LOUDSPEAKERS ON
On the audio control panel :
- INT reception knob
- INT/RAD switch INT
On the mask stowage box :

- · Press and hold the reset/test button in the direction of the arrow.
  - Check that the blinker turns yellow for a short time, and then goes black.
- · Hold the reset/test button down, and press the emergency pressure selector.
  - Check that the blinker turns yellow and remains yellow, as long as the emergency pressure selector is pressed.
  - Listen for oxygen flow through the loudspeakers. Warn any engineer, whose headset may be connected to the nose intercom, that a loud noise may be heard when performing this check.
- Check that the reset/test button returns to the up position and the N 100 % selector is in the 100 % position.
- Press the emergency pressure selector again, and check that the blinker does not turn yellow. This ensures that the mask is not supplied.

Company Requirement: Check Crew Oxygen in accordance with SOP

# 7. How To Use the "Seat Belt Sign" to Advise Cabin Crew

# Regulations in 《FLIGHT OPERATIONS MANUAL》

Sichuan Airlines Co., Ltd.

Manual No.: 3U.FOM.001

# FLIGHT OPERATIONS MANUAL

Revision No.: 05-00 Effective Date: 01/01/2012 Section: 14-03-01

Signal	Delivered by	The Meaning of Signal and Response
Interphone Contact	Pilot or Flight Attendant	Pick up the nearest telephone After the pilot delivers the signals and fails to answer the flight attendants, the flight attendants shall access into the cockpit
Access into the cockpit: (the interphone contact, they can enter into the cockpit with the door entry password or the method that has been previously agreed)	Flight attendant	the cockpit.
Notify before the aircraft moves on the ground: ring the bell twice	Pilot	Before the aircraft starts to move on the ground, the cockpit shall notify the cabin crews
Notify after the waiting due to delay and before the moves on the ground: ring the bells twice	Pilot	When the aircraft has to wait due to the delay, the flight crews shall notify the reasons of delay to the flight attendant and the circumstances so that they can walk around the cabin and monitor the cabin safety, and provide relevant service. Before the aircraft starts to move, the cabin crew shall be notified.
Notify after cabin security check completed before take-off/landing: interphone or the method that has been previously agreed/cabin ready key.	Flight attendant	The flight attendants shall ensure: The cabin has properly prepared for take-off / landing All the passengers have properly seated and fastened the seat belts. All the flight attendants have properly taken their seats Report: cabin is ready.
Take-off/landing notification: Ring the bells twice	Pilot	Notify the cabin: the airplane will take-off/land soon.

Signal	Delivered by	The Meaning of Signal and Response  Turn off the sign of "Fasten Sea Belt".	
Notify when the aircraft climbs above 10000 feet and the flight is under a steady condition	Pilot		
Before descent: Notify by the interphone	Pilot	Notify the cabin attendant that the aircraft is about to descend	
After the aircraft comes to a standstill: the sign of "Fasten Seat Belt" is extinguished	Pilot	Indicate that the engines have been shut down and the aircraft has completely stopped	
In cruise: one bell is for moderate turbulence and three bells for severe turbulence	Pilot	The cabin attendant notifies the passenger via PA system, an operates in accordance with the turbulence procedure	
The warning before the forced landing Six bells, and notify cabin via PA system	Pilot or Flight Attendant	In case of emergency condition, the cabin attendant shall make a loud warning to take the brace of impact to prepare for the ditching or the forced landing on the land	

Company Requirement: According to Flight Operations Manual:

Push Back and Start Up: Bell twice.

Line up: Bell twice and confirm cabin report received.

Climb through 10000 feet: Seat Bell off according to actual weather condition.

Before descent: Seat Belt On.

In turbulence: Seat Belt on-----Light Turbulence; Two bells----Moderate

Turbulence; Three bells----Severe Turbulence.

After aircraft been in stand and all engines shutdown: Seat Belt off.

# 8. How To Use the " N/W SRG DISC " Switch

# FCOM 3:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.07	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES	BEFORE PUSHBACK or START	SEQ 200	REV 37

CAUTION

If NW STRG DISC is not displayed on the ECAM, but the ground crew confirms that the steering selector bypass pin is in the towing position, then the pushback must not be performed. This is to avoid possible nose landing gear damage upon yellow hydraulic pressurization.

To dispatch the aircraft in such a case, refer to the MMEL.

In case of a powerpush by the main landing gear, the nosewheel steering selector should remain in the normal position to steer the aircraft (Refer to 3.04.80).

Company Requirement: Flight crew must confirm information "NW STRG

DISC" indicated on the ECAM before pushing back.

# 9. When to Start The Second Engine

# **Description of Engine Start Sequence in FCTM**

( <del>Q</del> )	NORMAL OPERATIONS	
	START	
A318/A319/A320/A321 FLIGHT CREW TRAINING MANUAL		
	INGINE AUTO STADT	

When the engine is at idle, or when AVAIL is displayed, the PF can start engine 1.

Description of Engine Start Sequence in FCOM 3: Do not start engine No. 1 until the gray background on the N2 indication disappears.

( )	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.08	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	ENGINE START	SEQ 280	REV 42

• When idle is reached (AVAIL indication is displayed) :

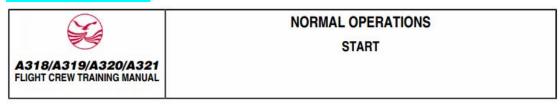
- MAIN AND SECONDARY ENG. IDLE PA	ARAMETERS CHECK NORMAL
At ISA sea level: N1 about 21.4 %	EGT about 414° C
N2 about 57.8 %	FF about 350 kg/h (775 lb/h)
EPR about 1.01	
The grey background on the N2 indication	on <u>disappears.</u>
- START ENGINE 1	ANNOUNCE

Company Requirement: According to FCOM3, do not start engine No.1 until the

grey background on N2 indication is disappeared.

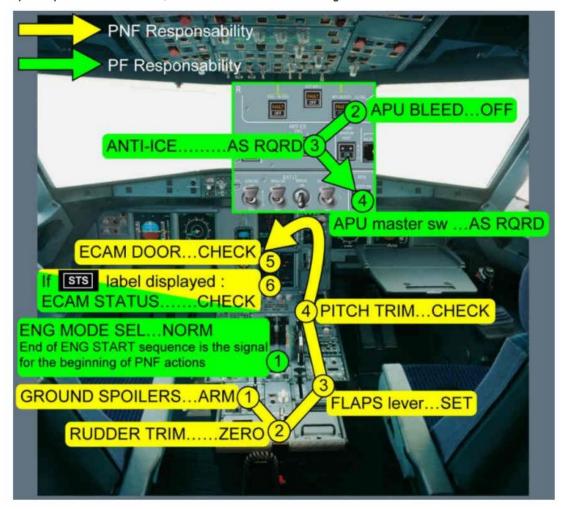
# 10. After Start Flow Pattern

# 1). The Signal to begin the after start flow pattern: PF sets the ENG MODE selector to NORM.



### AFTER START FLOW PATTERN

When the engines have started, the PF sets the ENG MODE selector to NORM to permit normal pack operation. At this time, the After Start Flow Pattern begins.



(Setting the NEG MODE Selector to Norm triggers the after start flow pattern)

Company Requirement: PNF begins the After Start Flow Pattern according to

the signal from PF

2). Minimal idle running time for v2500 engine: at least 5 min. before setting the thrust to high power, if the engines have been shut down greater than two hours.

I / \	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.09	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	AFTER START	SEQ 140	REV 42

- After a shutdown period greater than two hours, to avoid thermal shock, the pilot should operate the engine at idle or near idle for at least 5 minutes before advancing the thrust lever to high power. Taxi time at idle may be included in the warm-up period.
- The last engine started must run for at least 2 minutes before takeoff initiation, to
  ensure that takeoff is not initiated before the center tank pumps test is finished, since
  takeoff on center tank is prohibited.

Company Recommendation: During Taxi, leave sufficient time for engines to run

at idle.

# 11. Breaking System Check Before and During Taxi

# 1). Parking Break System Check in FCOM3:

indicated for a short period of time.

1 6 3	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.10	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	TAXI	SEQ 001	REV 34

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R

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- TAXI clearance	l
NOSE light	1
- PARKING RRAKE	:

Check that brake pressure is zero (triple indicator). Slight residual pressure may be

# Standard Callout

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.90	P 6
SICHUAN AIRLINES	STANDARD CALLOUTS	SEQ 001	REV 43

	TAXI	
EVENT	PF	PNF
Brake transfer check	BRAKE CHECK	PRESSURE ZERO

Company Requirement: When receiving the callout "Breaks Check" from PF,

PNF checks the pressure, then calls out "Pressure Zero"

### 2). Normal Breaking System Check in FCOM 3:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.10	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	TAXI	SEQ 100	REV 39

_	BRAKES		 		 					 										Cł	ΙE	CI	K

- Once the aircraft starts moving :
  - . Check the brake efficiency of the normal braking system : The aircraft must slow down when pressing the brake pedals.

- CAUTION

If the aircraft has been parked in wet conditions for a long period, the efficiency of the first brake application at low speed will be reduced.

# **QRH**:



## **NORMAL PROCEDURES**

REV 43 SEQ 100

3.04

TA	XI
PF	PNF
NOSE LIGHT	TAXI CLEARANCE OBTAIN
. Taxi clearance obtained :	
PARKING BRAKE OFF	ELAPSED TIME AS RQRD
THRUST LEVERS AS RQRD	
BRAKES	BRAKES PRESS

Company Recommendation: PF calls out "Breaks Check", and then PNF

checks the pressure and calls out "Pressure Zero". Subsequently, PF calls out

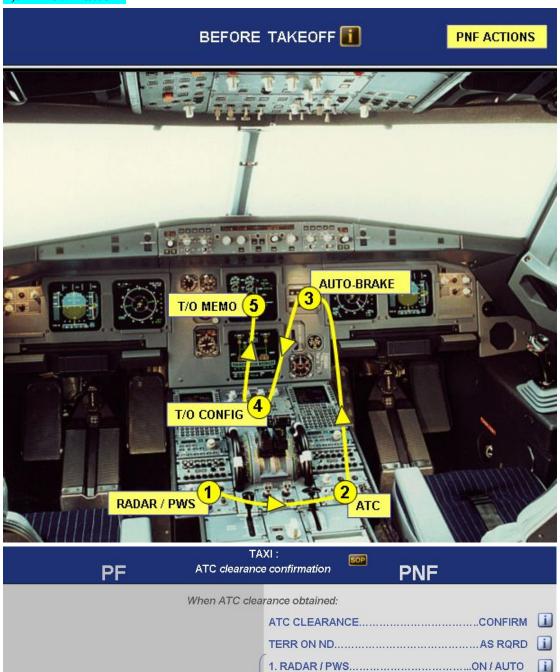
"Deceleration, Action Good".

NOTICE: The actual callout must be the exact number indicated on the

pressure indicator and also the actual breaking action that you feel.

# 12. Before Take-Off Flow Pattern ----- PNF

# 1). Flow Pattern



Flow

pattern

i

2. ATC......SET

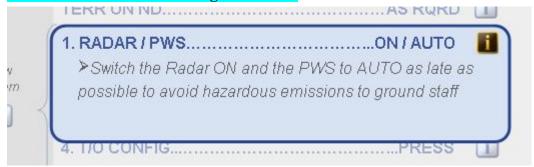
3. AUTOBRAKE......MAX

4. T/O CONFIG......PRESS

5. T/O MEMO......CHECK NO BLUE

i

2). Delay switching the RADAR on and the PWS to AUTO as late as possible to avoid hazardous emissions to ground staff.



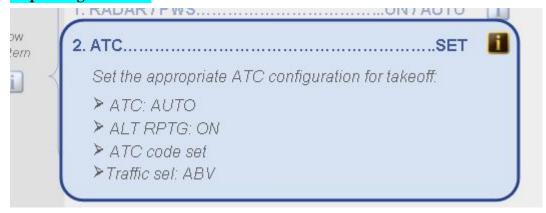
3). The working status of PWS is related to the setting of ATC:

A319/A320/A321	NAVIGATION	1.34.60	Р3
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	WEATHER RADAR	SEQ 102	REV 38

### WINDSHEAR PREDICTION FUNCTION

The weather radars have a Predictive Windshear System (PWS) that operates when:

- R The PWS switch is in the AUTO position (Even if the weather radar is OFF), and
  - The aircraft is below 2300 feet AGL, and
    - The ATC is switched to the ON, or AUTO, or XPDR, or XPNDR, position (depending on the ATC panel), and
    - Either engine is running.
- 4). ATC setting is different in different Airports. In most situations, the ATC CODE has been assigned before startup. AUTO mode is S mode, which will allow PWS to work on ground. In this case, ATC should be set according to different airport regulations.



Company Requirement:: PNF must follow the above flow patterns, however the

actual ATC setting should be in accordance with airport regulation.

# 13. Before Takeoff Briefing

Currently, in SOP and FCTM, there is no special requirement for before take-off briefing. 《Flight Instructor Media》 has the related content listed below:



Company Requirement: According to company conventions, items specified in

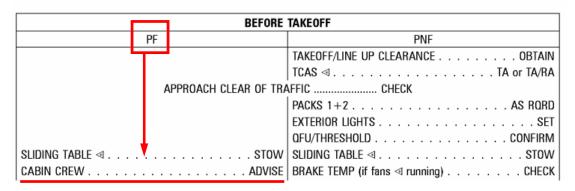
briefing are listed below:

- 1. Aircraft Type, Take-Off Runway, SID
- 2. Gross Weight
- 3. Take-Off Configuration
- 4. Fuel On Board
- 5. EPR xxx or TOGA /Flex Temperature
- 6. V1/Vr/V2, Initial Altitude, Baro Reference
- 7. CLB,NAV, FD1+2

# 14. Who to Advise Cabin Crew Before Takeoff

QRH requires PF to advise cabin crew. Normally during actual operation, this is the action of PNF per request from PF.





Company Requirement: PNF advises the cabin crew per request from PF.

# 15. Standard Call Out During Takeoff Roll

# **SOP in FCOM 3:**

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.12	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	TAKEOFF	SEQ 155	REV 43

TA	KEOFF
R	olling takeoff is permitted.
-	TAKEOFF ANNOUNCE
_	- BRAKES

I & \	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.12	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	TAKEOFF	SEQ 253	REV 42

# Before reaching 80 knots :

_	TAKEOFF EPR	CHECK
	Check that the actual EPR of the individual engines has reached the EPR rat	ing limit,
	before the aircraft reaches 80 knots. Check EGT.	

- THRUST SET ..... ANNOUNCE
- - · Scan airspeed, EPR, and EGT throughout the takeoff.
- - · The PF crosschecks and confirms the speed indicated on the PFD.
  - Below 100 knots the Captain may decide to abort the takeoff, depending on the circumstances.
  - · Above 100 knots, rejecting the takeoff is a more serious matter.

# Standard callout in FCOM3:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.90	P 6
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	STANDARD CALLOUTS	SEQ 100	REV 43

	TAKEOFF	
EVENT	PF	PNF
Set thrust levers to initial stabilization value	TAKEOFF	
Before passing 80 kt		THRUST SET
At 100 kt	CHECKED	ONE HUNDRED KNOTS
At V1		V1
At VR		ROTATE
Gear retraction		POSITIVE CLIMB
	GEAR UP	
		GEAR UP
If the PNF engages the AP	AP 1(2) ON	
Checklist	AFTER TAKEOFF/CLIMB C/L	
		DOWN TO THE LINE
At transition altitude	BELOW THE LINE	
		AFTER TAKEOFF/CLIMB C/L COMPLETE

A319/A320
MULI
SICHUAN AIRLINES

# **NORMAL PROCEDURES**

REV 43 SEQ 001

3.05

TAKEOFF			
PF	PNF		
TAKEOFF ANNOUNCE			
BRAKES			
THRUST LEVERS TOGA/FLEX			
The Captain places hand	on thrust levers until V1		
DIRECTIONAL CONTROL USE RUDDER			
CHRONO	CHRONO		
FMA ANNOUNCE	PFD/ND		
• BELOW 80 KT :	N1 (EPR)		
	THRUST SET ANNOUNCE		
	PFD/ENG PARAMETERS SCAN		
• AT 100 KT :	ONE HUNDRED KNOTS ANNOUNCE		
100 KT			
• AT V1 :	V1		
• AT VR :	ROTATION ORDER		
ROTATION PERFORM			

1) About "Take-Off" Annunciation:

According to FCOM and QRH, only after obtained the take-off instruction from ATC, should PF announces "Take-Off". Subsequently PF sets the thrust lever and stabilizes the EPR at 1.05.

Company Recommendation: PF advances the thrust lever to stabilize the EPR at

1.05, and then the PF announces "Take-off, Timing".

2) According to SOP, No Callout When EPR is at 1.05.

Company Requirement: Keep the Callout "EPR 1.05, Stable"

3) According to SOP, the callout "80kt, Thrust Set" should be announced before 80kt.

Company Recommendation: PNF monitors and checks the thrust before 80kt;

However, keep the Call-Out "80, Thrust Set" when at speed 80kt.

4) No specified description about PF's response to callout "80, Thrust Set"

Company Recommendation: PF responds "Checked" to PNF Callout" 80,

Thrust Set"

5) Standard Callout at speed 100Kt: PNF-- "100kt", PF-- "Checked"

Company Recommendation: PNF— "100", PF— "Checked"

6) According to standard call out, in normal situation, there is no response needed when PNF calls out "100".

[ A ]	OTANDAND OF ENATING THOOLDONES		P 6
SICHUAN AIRLINES	STANDARD CALLOUTS	SEQ 100	REV 43

TAKEOFF		
EVENT	PF	PNF
At V1		V1
At VR		ROTATE

Only during abnormal situations CAPTAIN responses "Continue" to PNF callout "V1".



# ABNORMAL OPERATIONS OPERATING TECHNIQUES

The decision to reject the takeoff is the responsibility of the Captain and must be made prior to V1 speed:

- If a malfunction occurs before V1, for which the Captain does not intend to reject the takeoff, he
  will announce his intention by calling "GO".
- If a decision is made to reject the takeoff, the Captain calls "STOP". This call both confirms the
  decision to reject the takeoff and also states that the Captain now has control. It is the only time
  that hand-over of control is not accompanied by the phrase "I have control".

Company Recommendation: There is no response needed to "V1" in normal

situations. The only scenario, in which CAPTAIN must respond "Continue" to

PNF callout "V1", is when the aircraft is in an abnormal situation.

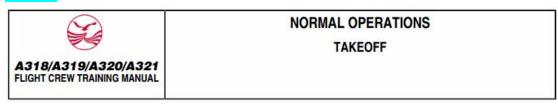
# 16. When To Release Side Stick To Neutral During Takeoff Rolling

### FCOM 3:

( )	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.12	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	TAKEOFF	SEQ 155	REV 43

- If the crosswind is at or below 20 knots and there is no tailwind :
  - - To counter the nose-up effect of setting engine takeoff thrust, apply half forward stick until the airspeed reaches 80 knots. Release the stick gradually to reach neutral at 100 knots.
    - PF progressively adjusts engine thrust in two steps :
      - · from idle to about 50 % N1 (1.05 EPR).
      - · from both engines at similar N1 to takeoff thrust.
      - Once the thrust levers are set to FLX or TOGA detent, the captain keeps his hand on the thrust levers until the aircraft reaches V1.
- In case of tailwind, or if crosswind is greater than 20 knots :
  - - PF applies full forward stick.
    - PF sets 50 % N1 (1.05 EPR) on both engines then increases thrust progressively to reach takeoff thrust at 40 knots ground speed, while maintaining stick full forward up to 80 knots. Release stick gradually to reach neutral at 100 knots.
    - Once the thrust levers are set to FLX or TOGA detent, the captain keeps his hand on the thrust levers until the aircraft reaches V1.

### FCTM:



### **TAKEOFF ROLL**

On a normal takeoff, to counteract the pitch up moment during thrust application, the PF should apply half forward (full forward in cross wind case) sidestick at the start of the takeoff roll until reaching 80 kt. At this point, the input should be gradually reduced to be zero by 100 kt.

Company Requirement: On a normal takeoff, from 80kt, PF should gradually

release the side stick to neutral by speed 100kt.

# 17. When To Disarm Spoilers And Switch Off Lights After Takeoff. FCOM 3:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.12	P 3
SICHUAN AIRLINES	TAKEOFF	SEQ 001	REV 43

- POSITIVE CLIMB ANNOUNCE
$-$ LDG gear up $\dots \dots \dots$
$-$ LDG gear $\ldots$ . Select up
- GRND SPLRS
EXTERIOR LIGHTS

Company Requirement: According to SOP, disarm the spoilers and switch off

the lights, after the landing gear has been retracted.

# 18. Standard Call Out for Configuration Changing

# **Standard Callout in FCOM 3:**

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.90	P 3
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	STANDARD CALLOUTS	SEQ 001	REV 43

## FLAPS OR GEAR CONFIGURATION

## **FLAPS' CALLOUTS**

FLAPS' CONFIGURATION	CALLOUT
1	"FLAPS ONE"
1 + F	"FLAPS ONE"
0	"FLAPS ZERO"

The reply will be given when selecting the new flap position. e.g. :

	CALLOUT	REMARK
PF	"FLAPS ONE"	
PNF	"SPEED CHECKED"	PNF checks the speed :  — Above the S or F speed and accelerating (Takeoff)  — Below Vfe next and decelerating (Approach)
FINE	"FLAPS ONE"	PNF selects the flaps lever position and replies after checking the blue number on the ECAM flaps indicator to confirm the correct selection has been made.

# **SOP in FCOM 3:**

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.18	P 7
SICHUAN AIRLINES	ILS APPROACH	SEQ 200	REV 44

### WHEN LANDING GEAR IS DOWN

- FLAPS 3	 	. ORDER
- FLAPS 3		. SELECT

 $\cdot$  Retract the speedbrakes before selecting FLAPS 3 to avoid an unexpected pitch down, when the speedbrakes retract automatically.

# **SOP in QRH:**



## **NORMAL PROCEDURES**

REV 43

SEQ 001

3.05

AT F SPEED :	
FLAPS 1 ORDER	FLAPS 1
AT S SPEED :	
FLAPS 0 ORDER	FLAPS 0

A319/A320 /A321 SICHUAN AIRLINES

# **NORMAL PROCEDURES**

REV 44

SEQ 001

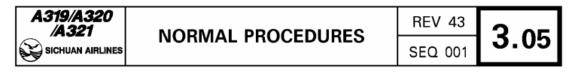
3.07

At green dot: FLAPS 1 ORDER CHECK OR SE	   FLAPS 1
FMA	FMA CHECK
GO ANOUND ALI	
At 2000 feet AGL FLAPS 2 ORDER CHECK OR SE	
When FLAPS 2 LDG GEAR DOWN ORDER	LDG GEAR SELECT DOWN AUTO BRAKE CONFIRM GRND SPLRS ARM EXTERIOR LIGHTS SET
When L/G down, below VFE FLAPS 3 ORDER	FLAPS 3
When FLAPS 3, below VFE: FLAPS FULL ORDER	FLAPS FULL

Company Requirement: Use "Flap" instead of "Configuration/Config"

# 19. Four Items For PNF to Do After Configuration Retracted To Zero.

# **QRH**:



AFTER TAKEOFF		
PF PNF		
	APU BLEED/MASTER switch AS RQRD	
	ENG MODE selector AS RQRD	
	TCAS ⊲	
	ANTI ICE	
AFTER TO/CLIMB C/L DOWN TO THE LINE		

# **SOP in FCOM 3:**

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.13	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES	AFTER TAKEOFF	SEQ 001	REV 36

[	AFTER TAKEOFF
(	APU BLEED
\	_ APU MASTER switch
	ENG MODE selector
	<ul> <li>TCAS (◄) Mode selector</li></ul>
R R	<ul> <li>ANTI ICE PROTECTION</li></ul>
	<u>Note</u> : With ENG ANTI ICE ON, the FADEC automatically selects continuous ignition The IGNITION memo appears on ECAM.

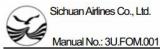
Company Requirement: According to FCOM and QRH, PNF should not do the

after takeoff checklist down to the line until the 4 items have been done.

# 20. When to Change Baro Reference and Do the After

# **Takeoff Checklist Below The Line**

# 1) Description for Baro Reference changing in Flight Operations Manual and SOP in FCOM 3:



### **FLIGHT OPERATIONS MANUAL**

Revision No.: 05-00 Effective Date: 01/01/2012 Section: 08-06-09

Without a special ATC clearance, a flight crewmember should set the altimeter pressure reference to "STD" or "1013" hpa when the pilot passes transition altitude, and calls out "STD" or "1013" hpa and the current altitude after setting



Sichuan Airlines Co., Ltd.

Manual No.: 3U.FOM.001

### **FLIGHT OPERATIONS MANUAL**

Revision No.: 05-00 Effective Date: 01/01/2012 Section: 08-06-16

When an aircraft passes the transition flight level, unless there is special ATC clearance, flight crewmembers should set the altimeters to the QFE or QNH reported by the landing airport and crosscheck. The pilot flying should call out the QFE or QNH and the altitude the aircraft is passing.

# SOP in FCOM 3: a. Climb Phase:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.14	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	CLIMB	SEQ 100	REV 41

- BARO REF
- At transition altitude (baro setting flashing on PFD) set STD on the EFIS control panel and STBY ALT.
- Cross-check baro settings and altitude readings.

### b. Descent Phase:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.17	P 3
SICHUAN AIRLINES	DESCENT	SEQ 100	REV 40

- - Set QNH on the EFIS control panel and on the standby altimeter, when approaching the transition level and when cleared for an altitude.
  - · Crosscheck baro settings and altitude readings.

Note: When operating in low OAT, altitude corrections, as defined in 3.05.05 page 6, should be considered.

Company Requirement: When to set BARO Reference to "Standard":

### **Climb:**

- 1) When pilots are cleared to a FL as well as aircraft is approaching Transition Altitude.
- 2) When pilots are cleared to an altitude by a special instruction from ATC, which requires the pilots to transfer the BORO Reference from QNH to Standard.

### **Descent:**

- 1) When pilots are cleared to an altitude, as well as aircraft is approaching Transition Level.
- 2) When pilots are cleared to a FL by a special instruction from ATC, which requires the pilots to transfer the BORO Reference from Standard to QNH.
- 2) Cross check altimeters before doing the after takeoff checklist below the line.

## Refer to 《FLIGHT INSTRUCTOR MEDIA》:

<b>PF</b> TRANSI	TION ALT PNF
At transition altitude :	
ANNOUNCE"SET STANDARD" BARO REFPULL STANDARD	BARO REFPULL STANDARD ANNOUNCE"STANDARD CROSS-CHECKED"
ALTCHECK ANNOUNCE"CHECKED"	ANNOUNCE"PASSING FL XX, now"

## Standard Callout in FCOM 3:



ALTIMETER SETTING CHANGES TO/FROM QNH/QFE-STD		
EVENT	PF	PNF
Barometric setting change and subsequent altimeter cross-check	SET STANDARD (SET QNH/QFE)	STANDARD CROSS-CHECKED (QNH/QFE) PASSING FL(FT) NOW
	CHECKED	

P 7

Company Requirement: Both PF and PNF must follow the SOP and Standard

Callout to implement the BORO Reference transition. The altimeters should be

cross checked before performing the after takeoff checklist below the line.

#### **Standard Call Out And SOP for Altitude Setting** 21.

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.90	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	STANDARD CALLOUTS	SEQ 001	REV 40

### ACTIONS COMMANDED BY PF

The following commands do not necessarily initiate a guidance mode change, eg: selected to managed/managed to selected. The intent is to ensure clear, consistent, standard communication between crewmembers.

All actions performed on the FCU and MCDU must be checked on the PFD and ND (eq : "FL 350 blue", "FL 200 magenta). Ensure that the correct FCU knob is used, then verify indications on the PFD/ND.

### **SET**

The "SET" command means using an FCU knob to set a value, but not to change a mode. SET is accomplished by only rotating the appropriate selection knob. Example:

- "SET GO AROUND ALTITUDE "
- "SET ONH \_\_"
- "SET FL
- "SET HDG \_\_"

# FMA

The PF should call out any FMA change, unless specified differently (e.g. CAT II & III task sharing). Therefore, the PF should announce:

- All armed modes with the associated color (e.g. blue, magenta): "G/S blue", "LOC blue"
- All active modes without the associated color (e.g. green, white): "NAV", "ALT".

The PNF should check and respond, "CHECKED" to all FMA changes called out by the PF

Company Requirement: Set and check the altitude setting in accordance with

SOP and Standard Callout.

# 22. Landing Light Operation At 10000 Feet(Climb Phase)

# SOP in FCOM 3:

# Climb:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.14	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	CLIMB	SEQ 100	REV 41

### At 10 000 ft :

### Descent

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.17	P 4
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	DESCENT	SEQ 001	REV 41

### At 10 000 feet :

### Flight Operations Manual:



### FLIGHT OPERATIONS MANUAL

Revision No.: 05-00 Effective Date: 01/01/2012 Section: 08-03-08

### 7.2 Landing light

The landing lights should be turned on when an aircraft is below 10000ft (3000m), within 10nm (18.5km) from an airport (day and night), in low visibility, and at a place where the activities of flocks of bird are anticipated.

In course of aircraft take-off and landing, the landing light should be turned on. However, during the approach, if the light-screen may be formed and the observation with the external references is affected by turning on the landing light, the relevant operation shall refer to the regulation of section 5.8.

# QRH:



# **NORMAL PROCEDURES**

REV 44 SEQ 200

3.06

PF	PNF	
. At 10000 feet:	LAND LIGHTS	
• At 10000 feet :	LAND LIGHTS	

Company Requirement: According to the SOP, PNF is responsible for Landing

Light operation when passing 10000 feet.

# 23. Flow Patterns At 10000 Feet(Climb Phase)



## **NORMAL PROCEDURES**

REV 44 SEQ 200

3.06

CLIMB			
PF	PNF		
. At 10000 feet:  EFIS OPTION AS RQRD	LAND LIGHTS		

Flow Patterns from FCTM 和《FLIGHT INSTRUCTOR MEDIA》:
Notice: Actions on MCDU should be performed upon PF request, or at least with
PF approval.

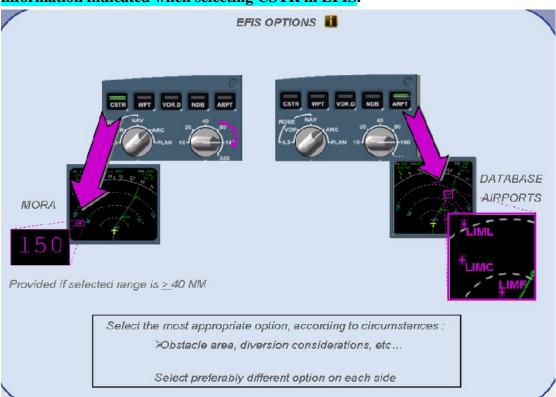


# EFIS option at 10000 feet FCOM 3:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.14	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES	CLIMB	SEQ 100	REV 41

### At 10 000 ft :

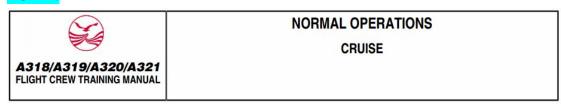
MORA is not available for SiChuan Airlines' aircraft. It is only functioned in simulator. Referred to 《FLIGHT INSTRUCTOR MEDIA》,there will be no information indicated when selecting CSTR in EFIS.



Company Requirement: Perform 10000 feet flow pattern, according to SOP.

### 24. MCDU Preparation Before Descent

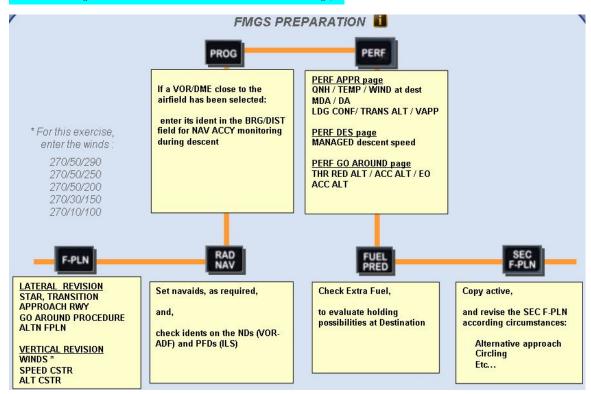
# SOP is consistent with FCTM in MCDU preparation. FCTM:



#### APPROACH PREPARATION



### Refer to 《FLIGHT INSTRUCTOR MEDIA》:



Company Requirement: Prepare MCDU for descent according to SOP.

## 25. "LGD ELEV Auto" -----The First Item to Check In Descent

# **Preparation**

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.16	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	DESCENT PREPARATION	SEQ 001	REV 44

### **DESCENT PREPARATION**

Descent preparation and approach briefing can take approximately 10 minutes, so they should begin approximately 80 NM before top of descent.

Company Requirement: Flight crew must follow the SOP to prepare for the

descent phase.

### 26. Recommendation For Using TERR

### FCOM 3:

#### **Before Takeoff:**

( )	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.10	P 5
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	TAXI	SEQ 001	REV 40

- TERR ON ND 

  .... AS RQRD
  - · In mountainous areas, consider displaying terrain on ND.
  - If use of radar is required, consider selecting the radar display on the PF side, and TERR ON ND on the PNF side only.

#### **Before Descnet:**

1 6 3	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.17	Р 3
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	DESCENT	SEQ 100	REV 40

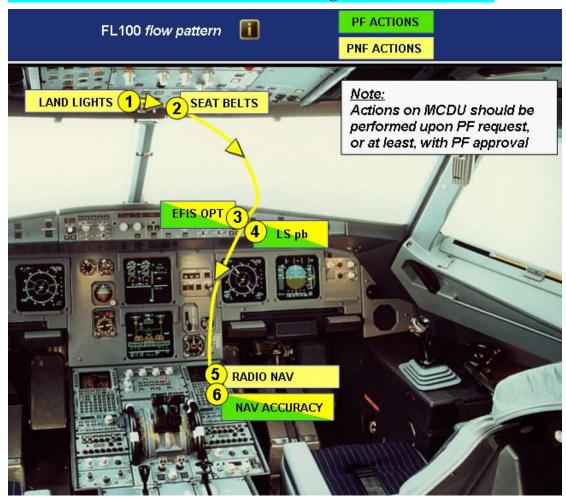
- - · In mountainous areas, consider displaying terrain on ND.
  - If use of radar is required, consider selecting the radar display on the PF side, and TERR ON ND on the PNF side only.

Company Recommendation: Flight crew should comprehensively consider the

operational environment and at the same time follow the SOP recommendation.

### 27. Flow Pattern At 10000 Feet(Descent)

Flow Pattern FL 100 in SOP、FCTM and 《Flight Instructor Media》:



Company Requirement: Flight crew should implement actions according to SOP.

#### Standard Call Out "RADIO ALTIMETER ALIVE" **28.**

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.90	P 8
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	STANDARD CALLOUTS	SEQ 001	REV 43

R

APPROACH AND LANDING			
EVENT	PF	PNF	
Approach checklist	APPROACH C/L	APPROACH C/L COMPLETE	
Activation of approach Phase	ACTIVATE APPROACH PHASE	APPROACH PHASE ACTIVATED	
RA alive	CHECKED	(see Note 4 and 5 below)	

Note 4 : <u>Crew awareness</u>, crew should now keep RA in scan to landing Note 5 : <u>PNF monitors pin-programmed auto callout</u>, or announces if inoperative.

Company Requirement: Flight crew should announce "RADIO ALTIMETER

ALIVE" according to Standard Call Out.

# 29. Residual Breaking Pressure Check After CONF 3 Selected

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.18	P 7
SICHUAN AIRLINES	ILS APPROACH	SEQ 001	REV 44

	WHEN LANDING GEAR IS DOWN
	- FLAPS 3 ORDER
	- FLAPS 3
R R R	<ul> <li>ECAM WHEEL page</li></ul>
	If residual pressure is indicated on the triple indicator :
	- RESIDUAL BRAKING PROC APPLY

Company Requirement: Check the residual breaking pressure in accordance with SOP.

## 30. Go-Around Altitude Setting

It is not specified in QRH about who is going to set the go-around altitude.

A319/A320 /A321	NORMAL PROCEDURES	REV 44	2 07
SICHUAN AIRLINES		SEQ 001	3.07

ILS APPROACH				
PF	PNF			
Initial approach :   SEAT BELTS	AUTO ENG MODE selector			
Approx 15 NM from touchdown:				
APPR PHASE*	ACTIVATE or set green dot NITOR   NAV ACCURACY MONITOR JJUST			
Intermediate/Final approach: When cleared for ILS approach: APPR				
	RDER FLAPS 1			
	OR SET S SPEED *			
LOC CAPTURE				

### **Standard Callout in FCOM 3:**

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.90	P 8
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	STANDARD CALLOUTS	SEQ 001	REV 43

APPROACH AND LANDING		
EVENT PF PNF		
At "GS*" or below GO altitude for NPA	_	GA ALTITUDE — SET,

Company Requirement: Follow the standard callout; and when the AP is on, PF

is responsible for Go-Around Altitude set; when the AP is off, PNF is going to set

the Go-Around Altitude per request from PF.

### 31. After Landing Flow Pattern

1) According to the SOP, PNF should only retract Landing Lights upon PF request. And the Strobe Light should not be switched off until runway vacated. FCOM 3:

A319/A320/A321	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.24	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	AFTER LANDING	SEQ 100	REV 42

### AFTER LANDING

### **QRH**:

A319/A320 NORMAL PROCEDURES	REV 44	2 1	
SICHUAN AIRLINES		SEQ 101	3.1

AFTER LANDING			
PF	PNF		
	LAND LIGHTS RETRACT		
	STROBE LIGHTS AUTO		
	OTHER EXT LIGHTS AS RQRD		

Description of landing light operation in 《Flight Instructor Media》 is consistent with SOP:

PF	AFTER LA	ANDING SOP PN	IF.
ANNOUNCE"LANDING			RETRACT
· ·	Signal for PN	IF actions	

Company Requirement: The PNF should follow the PF request to retract LAND

LIGHTS. Only after the PF disarms the GRND SPLRS, should the PNF execute

the after landing actions.

### 2 After Landing Flow Patterns For PNF **«Flight Instructor Media»** Flow Pattern:



According to the working load, after landing actions could be carried out after runway vacated; however, the after landing checklist must not be performed until runway vacated..

### 3) Break Fan

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.24	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	AFTER LANDING	SEQ 050	REV 42

### 

- Check brake temperature on the ECAM WHEEL page for discrepancies and high temperature.
- · If brake fans are installed (<1):

Brake fans selection should be delayed for a minimum of about 5 minutes, or done just before stopping at the gate (whichever occurs first), to allow thermal equalization and stabilization and thus avoid oxidation of brake surface hot spots. Selecting the brake fans before reaching the gate prevents the brake fans from blowing carbon brake dust on the ground personnel.

However, when turnaround times are short, or brake temperatures are likely to exceed 500°C, use the brake fans, disregarding possible oxidation phenomenon.

· Refer to 3.04.32 for the brake temperature limitations requiring maintenance actions.

### Currently, no actions or items are required to check on EFIS.

Company Requirement: Emphasize again here, flight crew should strictly follow

the SOP, especially when to do after landing checklist.

Keep the EFIS panel checking procedure:

- 1. Turnoff all the light on EFIS and check the corresponding information disappeared on PFD
- 2. Set the ND to Rose NAV and Range to 40NM

## 32. Minimal Idle Running Time For V2500 Engines After Landing

### FCMO 3:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.25	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	PARKING	SEQ 050	REV 43

- - After operation above REV IDLE thrust, or after operation at power level above normal taxi maneuvering power: Operate the engine at, or near, idle for a three-minute cooling period, to avoid rotor case interactions that could cause performance degradation of the engine, and possible HPC blade damage.

Company Requirement: After landing, flight crew should leave engines (V2500)

to run at idle for at least 3 minutes to avoid potential damage to engines.

# 33. After Landing Actions

# FCOM 3:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.25	P 2
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	PARKING	SEQ 001	REV 42

GROUND CONTACT
<ul> <li>SLIDE DISARMED</li></ul>
BEACON LT
- OTHER EXTERIOR LIGHTS AS RQRD
- SEAT BELTS OFF
– ELAPSED TIME (⊲)
FUEL PUMPS
_ ATC SET on standby
- IRS PERFORMANCE
<ul> <li>Call up the POSITION MONITOR page. Check that the drift does not exceed the following:</li> </ul>
ê 35
© 30 UNACCEPTABLE - CHECK ON NEXT FLIGHT. IF STILL
UNACCEPTABLE - CONSIDER THE IRU AS FAILED  SECONSIDER THE IRU AS FAILED  CHECK ON NEXT FLIGHT. IF STILL IN OR ABOVE THIS AREA AFTER 2nd FLIGHT, CONSIDER THE IRU AS FAILED
15
10 7.5 ACCEPTABLE
7.5 ACCEPTABLE FOR USE
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 NAV TIME (HOURS)
NAV TIME (HOURS)

During transit, pilots should check IRS accuracy on the basis of the above chart in FCOM 3

### **QRH**:

### PNF is in charge of APU Bleed operation during aircraft is taxiing in.



### NORMAL PROCEDURES

REV 44 SEQ 101

3.11

PARKING			
PF		PNF	
ACCU PRESS	ANTI-ICE		OFF
PARKING BRK	APU BLEED		ON
ENG MASTER 1, 2 OFF			
GROUND CONTACT ESTABLISH	ELAPSED TIME 🤏.		STOP
BEACON LT	FUEL PUMPS		OFF
OTHER EXTERIOR LIGHTS AS RQRD	ATC		SET on standby
SEAT BELTS OFF	IRS PERFORMANCE .		CHECK
	FUEL QTY		CHECK
	STATUS		CHECK
PARKING BRK	Brake fan (🗲 ) .		OFF
DUs	DUs		DIM
PARKING C/L			

### **Company Requirement:**

Flight crew should perform actions according to SOP.

Do not turn off BEACON LIGT until the two engines have spooled down.

PNF is responsible for slide status check as well as APU Bleed operation.

During transit, the PNF is responsible to check the accuracy of IRS in order to

avoid exceed drift level.

# Actions after parking FCOM 3:

A319/A320/A321	CTANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	2 02 25	р. 2	
SICHUAN AIRLINES	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.25	P 3	
FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	PARKING	SEQ 180	REV 44	
Residual ground speed check:  - CAPT and F/O NDs display the IRS 1 and 2 residual ground speeds respectively. The IRS 3 residual ground speed can be read on the CAPT ND by switching the ATT HDG selector to CAPT ON 3.  · If ground speed ≥ 15 knots: Report (The IR part of the ADIRU must be considered as failed, if the excessive deviation occurs after two consecutive flights).  · If ground speed ≥ 21 knots: Report (The IR part of the ADIRU must be considered as failed).  Note: On aircraft equipped with LITTON IRS, the ground speed check must be performed within the 2 minutes following aircraft stop. (Ground speed reset to 0 after 2 minutes).  - FUEL QUANTITY  Check that the sum of the fuel on board and the fuel used is consistent with the fuel on board at departure. If an unusual discrepancy is found, maintenance action is due.				
<ul> <li>Check the STAT</li> </ul>	STATUS (ECAM Control panel)			
BRAKE FAN ( ෧) OFF Switch off, when not required.				
<ul> <li>PARKING BRAKE</li> <li>The parking brake should be released after chocks are in place, if one brake temperature is above 300°C (or above 150°C with brake fans ON ⊲).</li> <li>Releasing the parking brake prevents the critical structures from being exposed to high temperature levels for an extended time. However, if operational conditions dictate (e.g. slippery tarmac), the parking brake may remain applied.</li> <li>When parking with a flat tire on the nose gear, keep the parking brake on, to avoid aircraft yawing at parking brake release.</li> </ul>				
— <b>DUs</b>				
- PARKING CHECKLIST COMPLETE				

Company Requirement: Flight crew should perform the actions and items in accordance with SOP.

### 33. Securing the Aircraft

### **SOP in FCOM 3:**

/ \	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.26	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES	SECURING THE AIRCRAFT	SEQ 001	REV 44

### SECURING THE AIRCRAFT

Prior to performing this check, COLD WEATHER should be taken into account (Refer to 3.04.91).

### Parking brake setting is in accordance with mechanical engineer's request.

Company Requirement: Flight crews should perfume the SOP according to the actual operational environment.

# 34. Batteries

# FCOM 3:

	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.26	P 1
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	SECURING THE AIRCRAFT	SEQ 001	REV 44

_	BAT 1 and 2	OFF
	Wait until the APU flap is fully closed (about 2 minutes after the APU AVAIL light g	oes
	out), before switching off the batteries. Switching the batteries off before the APU	flap
	is closed may cause smoke in the cabin during the next flight.	
	If the batteries are off while the APU is running, APU fire extinguishing is not availa	ble.

Company Requirement: DO NOT switch off the batteries until the APU AVIL

light has gone out for at least 2 minute.

### 35. When to Do Approach Checklist

#### **QRH**:

### ILS Approach:

A319	/A320
/A	321
SICH	UAN AIRLINES

### **NORMAL PROCEDURES**

REV 44 SEQ 210

3.07

ILS APPROACH				
PF	PNF			
Initial approach : SEAT BELTS	ENG MODE selector AS RQRD			
Approx 15 NM from touchdown:  APPR PHASE*  POSITIONING MONITOR  RADAR AS APPROPRIATE  APPR C/L	ACTIVATE or set green dot NAV ACCURACY MONITOR			
AFFR U/L				

### Non precision approach:

A319/A320	I
/A321	
SICHUAN AIRLINES	I

#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

REV 44 SEQ 001

3.

NON PRECISION APPROACH (SELECTED GUIDANCE) NON ILS APPROACH NOT IN NAV DATA BASE, OR, NAV ACCY CHECK NEGATIVE			
PF	PNF		
Initial approach :   SEAT BELTS ON/AUTO	ENG MODE selector AS RQRD		
Approx 15 NM from touchdown:  APPR PHASE*  POSITIONING MONITOR RADAR TILT ADJUST APPR C/L			

In actual operation, approach checklist is performed by passing through transition level, which is not as same as in QRH and FCTM.

Through a thorough estimation, the risk increases during key flying phase if we follow the FCTM procedure to perform the approach checklist at 15 NM to airport. Therefore, to reduce the risk binged by mistakenly setting the BARO REF, the time to perform approach checklist has been reset at when aircraft is passing by transition level.

Company Requirement: According to SOP, perform the approach checklist by

passing through transition level.

### 36. Setup of VHF1/2/3 And The Use of Frequency 121.5

### FCOM 3:

I & \	STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES	3.03.06	P 9
SICHUAN AIRLINES FLIGHT CREW OPERATING MANUAL	COCKPIT PREPARATION	SEQ 001	REV 42

RMP
- RMP ON
— Green NAV light
— SEL light CHECK OF
COM FREQUENCIES

#### Flight Operations Manual:



#### FLIGHT OPERATIONS MANUAL

Revision No.: 05-00 Effective Date: 01/01/2012 Section: 14-02-02

- 1.5 During a flight operation, the flight crew is responsible for reporting the aircraft operation to SCAL General Flight Dispatch Office at an appropriate time. In case of any hazardous weather or aircraft failure, the failure to operate a flight as originally scheduled, or in case of any special situation and any problem concerned with flight safety, the pilot in command should make a timely report to SCAL General Flight Dispatch Office about his/her intentions. In course of a flight operation, the flight crew must monitor the VHF 121.5MHZ and a proper frequency in the airspace without ATC control (if applicable).
- 2.2 In common, VHF 1 is used in flight as a dedicated ATC communication station only if it is not used for the failure or the poor operation efficiency, unless VHF2 is used to make a momentary communication with another ATC frequency. The flight crew member shall select the communication system at VHF 1 to receive the radio communication and ATC communication.
- 2.3 In flight, the pilot in command must appoint at least one flight crewmember to keep a continuous reception with ATC message and make a communication contact. When VHF 2 must be used for the radio communication, another crew member must be responsible for the reception and communication in VHF 1 frequency.

**Company Requirement:** 

VHF1 is dedicated to ATC communication through out the flight.

During flight, at least one pilot monitors the ATC frequency, no matter which

VHF is setting to receive ATC instruction.

VHF2 should be set to 121.5 and be monitored through out the flight.

All contents are published by FTMD.

If you have any suggestion or advice, please contact

Flight Technique Management Department.